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APPLICATION FOR LETTERS PATENT OF THE UNITED STATES

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TITLE OF INVENTION:

INDUSTRIAL AUTOMATION SYSTEM

GRAPHICAL PROGRAMMING LANGUAGE

STORAGE AND TRANSMISSION

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN, THE FOLLOWING IS A SPECIFICATION OF THE AFORESAID INVENTION

TITLE OF INVENTION

INDUSTRIAL AUTOMATION SYSTEM GRAPHICAL PROGRAMMING LANGUAGE STORAGE AND TRANSMISSION

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CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application claims benefit from U.S. Provisional Patent
Application No. 60/192,147, filed March 24, 2000, under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e).

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FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates generally to graphical programming languages for programmable logic controllers. In particular, the invention concerns a method and system for standardized storage of graphical programming languages.

BACKGROUND

Graphical programming languages are widely used in the field of industrial automation. They provide an intuitive way for automation engineers to specify the control logic for an industrial control application to be run by a controller, usually a programmable logic controller ("PLC"). A PLC may comprise dedicated hardware or, alternatively, be implemented in software on a conventional personal computer, the latter being sometimes referred to as a PC-based PLC. The term PLC will be used here to describe either type of industrial controller.

Existing graphical programming systems for industrial automation control software typically provide a graphical editor that embodies features

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that are well-known in the context of text editing. Using a system of this kind, an automation engineer interacts with an editor to select icons from a menu in such a manner as to structure the control flow for the controlled industrial process, set conditions to be observed in that control, and so forth. The symbols available for use via the editor correspond to the particular graphical programming language being used, among which languages are: ladder logic, function block diagrams, sequential function charts and flowcharts, and languages if any embodying other formalisms. The graphical symbols depicted for the engineer by these editors are represented, when stored on a hard drive, for example, by the computer system on which the editor runs, in a private or internal binary form, here referred to as an "internal representation", which is essentially a set of software objects that use volatile memory (RAM) (hereinafter referred to as "memory" or "computer memory") and have associated code. This internal representation is specific or private to the software vendor, rather than being standardized.

When an industrial control program is deemed sufficiently complete to be debugged, or to be run on the PLC, the system compiles the internal representation to arrive at another binary form that is more readily usable by the PLC. In some systems, this compilation step is direct; in others, several layers of compilation are used for reasons unrelated to the present invention.

Some of the graphical programming languages in use today are the subject of international standards, such as are defined in IEC 61131. In contrast to textual programming languages, however, which can be stored in a computer file exactly as the user typed them (i.e., in a serialized form),

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there is no commonly agreed upon storage format for graphical programming languages. The representations used in existing graphical language programming systems for industrial control applications, moreover, are not generally human-readable. Nor are they are available in a format capable of being interpreted by a browser, such as Internet Explorer 5, or one that is easily or quickly parsed.

The known ways of attempting to address these shortcomings have involved the use of one or another binary format, which has the disadvantage of being private and unreadable with a standard word-processor.

Alternatively, a proprietary text format, while capable of being more readable, must be fully defined. That is, it must be shown to follow the rules of a programming language ("grammar"). In order to understand such a program after reading it from a file, a full-blown parser must be written. These shortcomings have limited the utility of programs created using graphical programming systems and placed constraints on the process of developing control programs.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention is directed at overcoming the shortcomings of existing industrial automation graphical programming systems described above by providing methods and computer program products for storing graphical, industrial automation programs in a standard format, one that is serialized, relies on a text-based language (i.e., a mark-up language),

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includes tags or analogous functionality for identifying items, and that has as the ability to describe data hierarchically. More specifically, the present invention provides a mechanism that is standardized, readable by a human, supported by existing browser technology (e.g, Microsoft Internet Explorer 5 ("IE5")), is easy and fast parsing, and that supports hierarchical information structures.

The present invention also provides methods, systems and computer program products that permit industrial automation control programs, once created in whole or in part, to be transmitted over a network in an easily-displayed and apprehended form. The program code stored in this standard, readable form can be transmitted over a network to, or received from, a plurality of computer systems. In addition, markup language schemas (or analogous definitions) describing content models for markup language files generated by graphical programming language applications can be made available to a plurality of developers by posting, for example, on an internet site. This approach is intended to permit, among other advantages, distributed generation of industrial automation program code or applications.

In addition, or alternatively, code generated by a first system employing a first internal representation of code generated by a graphical programming language can be converted to the markup-language (e.g., XML) format, transmitted to a second system employing a second internal representation of the code, and there be reconverted to the second internal representation. The present invention, in this embodiment, is thereby capable of providing interoperability between systems.

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Accordingly, an embodiment of the present invention provides a method for representing industrial automation computer program code created using a graphical programming language tool that stores the created code in computer memory in an internal representation during execution.

The method comprises the steps of identifying industrial automation code in computer memory in the internal representation and converting the code from the internal representation to a markup language format.

Another embodiment of the present invention involves a computer program product used in conjunction with a computing device for creating industrial automation system control program code with a graphical language programming tool and storing the code in a computer memory in an internal representation during execution. The computer program product comprises a computer usable medium comprising computer readable program code for identifying industrial automation system control program code stored in computer memory in the internal representation. The computer program product further comprises computer readable program code for converting the identified industrial automation control program code from the internal representation to a markup language format.

A further embodiment of the present invention involves a computer program product that comprises a computer-readable storage medium and has data stored on it that comprises a representation of industrial automation control code formatted in markup language.

Another embodiment of the present invention relates to a computer program product for permitting a user to create industrial automation control

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programs. The product comprises a computer-readable storage medium having computer program code stored on it. The computer program code comprises industrial automation graphical programming language code. The graphical programming language code comprises an editor adapted to permit the user to create industrial automation control code using graphical elements, the control code being stored in memory in an internal representation during execution; and computer program code for converting industrial automation control code, stored in memory in the internal representation, from the internal representation to a markup language format.

In another embodiment of the present invention, a method is provided for communicating the logical structure of industrial automation control program data to permit a plurality of application developers to create applications relating to the data. The method comprises the steps of creating a schema defining a content model for markup language files generated by an industrial automation control program system and posting the schema for access over a network by the application developers.

Still further, an embodiment of the present invention entails a method for providing industrial automation control code from a server system over a network to which the server system is coupled and to a client system also coupled to the network. The method comprises the steps of accessing a markup-formatted version of the control code and transmitting the accessed, markup-formatted control code over the network in connection with a network address corresponding to the client system, thereby causing the transmitted, markup-formatted control code to be received by the client system.

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Yet another embodiment of the present invention relates to a method for programming industrial automation control applications comprising the steps of providing a computer system coupled to a network, configuring the first computer system to receive over the network transmissions of data from a plurality of industrial automation program developer systems, and receiving data from the plurality of industrial automation program developer systems program code in a markup language format.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Figure 1 provides, in schematic form, an illustration of an embodiment of the computer program product according to the present invention in the context of an industrial automation control system that includes an industrial automation control programming system.

Figure 2 provides, in schematic form, an illustration of an embodiment of a conversion process according to the present invention.

Figure 3 provides an illustration of an object model for an internal representation of a flowchart which, according to an embodiment of the present invention, is to be converted into a markup format.

Figure 4 provides an illustration of an object model for an internal representation of a flowchart body (corresponding to the flowchart object model of Figure 3) which, according to an embodiment of the present invention, is to be converted into a markup format.

Figure 5 provides an illustration of an object model for an internal representation of a flowchart interface (corresponding to the flowchart object

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model of Figure 3) which, according to an embodiment of the present invention, is to be converted into a markup format.

Figure 6 provides an illustration of an embodiment of a system for deploying computer program product according to the present invention and for performing an embodiment of one or more methods according to the invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The various embodiments of the invention briefly described above, and set forth in the appended claims, are described below with reference to the figures, as well as to the code provided at the end of the text.

The present invention is directed to the creation of a standard, human-readable, preferably browser-readable representation of otherwise non-standardized representations of graphical programming language code for industrial automation. In a presently preferred embodiment of an aspect of the invention, XML is used as a standard storage format. XML, short for "the Extensible Markup Language", is a subset of the Standard Generalized Markup Language ("SGML") and is, essentially, a set of rules for defining a text based markup language. See, for example, XML IE5 Programmer's Reference, by A. Homer, WROX Press Ltd., 1999 and Applied XML: A Toolkit for Programmers, by A. Ceponkus and F. Hoodbhoy, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 1999, the contents of which are herein incorporated by reference in their entirety. The invention is not limited to the use of XML, but can also

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be embodied with other markup languages corresponding to the definition set forth below

Moreover, the present invention can be practiced using Microsoft Visual Studio 6.0, as well as Microsoft XML (available as part of Internet Explorer 5).

For each graphical language used in the field of industrial automation, a set of XML tags, elements and attributes, as well as an XML schema (or document type definition "DTD") are defined. A specific computer program, an example of which is described below for the conversion of a flowchart program to XML, is used to transform, convert or serialize the graphical program.

A number of terms frequently used in this document are defined below.

The term "data storage device," as used here, refers to any medium for the computer-retrievable storage of data including, without limitation, memory (e.g., RAM), hard disk, compact disk, floppy disk, or other storage device.

The term "computer program product", as used here, includes any product capable of retaining data that may include computer program code and that can be permanently or temporarily coupled to a computer system that can retrieve data from the computer program product. Computer program products include media that are sold to users of computer systems so that the computer systems can operate in accordance with content stored on them. The term also encompasses hardware coupled to a computer

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system onto which content has been downloaded, for example, over a network, so that the computer system can operate in accordance with that content.

The term "editor command", as used here, encompasses any command typically associated with known editors and involving the manipulation of text, code or the like, the commands including, for example, cut, copy, paste, move, delete, save, save as, undo, redo, and so forth.

The term "graphical programming language", as used here, includes ladder logic, function block diagrams, sequential function charts and flowcharts and other graphical languages, whether now in existence or yet to be developed.

The term "markup-formatted", as used here, refers to the state of having been stored in a markup language format or having been converted (e.g., from a graphical programming language internal representation) to a markup language format (markup being used in the sense defined above).

The term "markup language", as used here, refers to text-based mark-up languages including but not limited to those that are subsets of the Standard Generalized Markup Language, SGML, which use elements that comprise a string of characters, including an individual character string that defines the opening or closing part of the element (corresponding to the term "tag" in XML usage), a name and value pair enclosed within the element's opening character string or tag, the element attribute names and their values, the content of the element and any closing tag, a character string that defines the opening or closing part of an element

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The term "network" refers, in a preferred embodiment of the invention, to an internet, but also encompasses any type of data communication network, whether wired or wireless.

An embodiment of the computer program product according to the present invention is shown in schematic form in Figure 1. In that figure, the computer program product is depicted in the context of an industrial automation control system, including an industrial automation control programming system 10, an industrial controller system 20 and a controlled process 30. Industrial controller system 20 may be a PLC that is separate hardware from the computer on which the programming system 10 runs; alternatively, industrial controller system 20 and programming system 10 could be implemented on the same computer device (e.g., embodying what is often referred to as a "PC-based PLC"). The typical programming system, which nowadays allows an industrial automation engineer to program with graphical tools (flowchart elements, for one of several examples), includes an editor 12. Editor 12, when operated by an automation engineer, graphically displays, in whatever formalism it uses, the program created by the engineer. At the same time, it causes the creation and storage in a computer memory of an internal representation (as elaborated upon in Figure 2 and the accompanying text).

The control programming system 10 (one example of which is Step 7®, developed and marketed by Siemens A.G. and Siemens Energy & Automation, Inc.) also may include are one or more compilers 14, which convert, either directly or indirectly, the internal representation created using

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the editor 12 into a form that is understandable by the controller 22 of industrial controller system 20. Using the compiled result, and based also on clock data (not shown) and on input received from controlled process 20, controller 22 generates control instructions for running process 30. In addition, the compiled code understandable by controller 22 can be stored on data storage device 26, that is coupled to (or is part of) industrial controller 20.

Another component of programming system 10, according to an embodiment of the present invention, is a converter 16 for converting the internal representation of control programs generated by editor 12 to a markup language format (e.g., XML). The operation of converter 16 is elaborated upon below in connection with Figure 2 and in the appended source code. The markup language formatted code generated by converter 16 can be stored either on data storage device 26, with assistance of identification and location program code 24 running on industrial controller 20, or, alternatively, can be transmitted to network 40 and, via that network, to other systems (not shown).

Figure 2 provides, in schematic form, an illustration of the steps according to an embodiment of a method 50 according to the present invention. A sample of a flowchart program 52 (e.g., generated by editor 12 of Figure 1) is given an internal representation 60 that is usually in binary format, which is held in memory (RAM) (not shown) during execution of the program. The internal representation 60 is, in general, specific to the vendor

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of the graphical programming language system 10, is not readable by a human, is not readable using a word-processor, nor using a browser.

The internal representation is converted (or "serialized") into the format of a suitable markup language (as set forth in the corresponding definition, above). Once converted, the graphical program is available in a markup-formatted form 64 (an example of which embodying XML is shown in Figure 2) and can be stored (e.g., in data storage device 26 of Figure 1 and Figure 6). This markup-formatted form 64 of the graphical programming language code, originally represented at 52, can be sent directly to a monitor or display 28, where it can be viewed with known viewing software, including word processing or browser software. It can also be sent to printer 68, to create a human-readable hardcopy. Alternatively, it could be sent over a network 40 to another computer 70, which may have an associated interface 72. Computer 70 could be devoted, for example, to permitting development of control programs, which can then be converted and transmitted or retransmitted (although not necessarily in that order) to an industrial controller 20, programmed using graphical programming language system 10, where it can then be deployed.

When it becomes necessary to edit or compile an industrial automation program code that is already in markup format, at reference numeral 64, the markup-formatted code 64 is converted back (or "deserialized") from markup language representation to the internal representation 60 (see, e.g., source code appended below).

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The steps of the method of Figure 2 may be invoked any time it is convenient or necessary to store or view, or to transmit to others for storage or viewing, a graphical industrial control program in a standardized representation. For example, any time an item is selected using an editing function, such as drag and drop, copy, cut, paste, undo, redo, etc., the conversion can be performed, creating a markup language (e.g., XML) string in memory that can be placed, for example, on a clipboard for transfer elsewhere. If a "save" were to be done to a graphical industrial automation program, or part of one, it would be converted, at 62, to markup format (e.g., XML) and saved in a file, for example, on storage device 26 of Figure 1. Upon file "open" command being invoked relative to that stored, markup-formatted file, the file would be read and converted, at 66, back to the internal representation.

Figure 3 provides an illustration of an object model for an internal representation of a graphical programming language formalism. As in Figure 2, reference numeral 52, a flowchart formalism, is used for purposes of illustration. The corresponding internal representation, reference numeral 60 in Figure 2, is to be converted into a markup format. This object model, of flowchart type (FChType) may, like the other object models, be implemented using COM ("Common Object Model") technology, available from Microsoft Corp., or other suitable tools (See Class FChType, in the appended source code, below). Object FChType includes within its structure a flowchart body object, FchBody, and an interface object, FchInterface, both in a one-to-one aggregation relationship with object FChType. (See legend in Figure 3).

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Figure 4 provides an illustration of an object model for an embodiment of the present invention, specifically focusing on an object model of a flowchart body, FChBody corresponding to the object model illustrated in Figure 3. Body object FChBody stands in a one-to-one aggregation relationship to a flowchart elements object, FChElements, as well as with a flowchart links element, FChLinks, the latter being in a one-to-many aggregation relationship with a flowchart link element, FCHLink.

FChElements, in turn, stands in a one-to-many aggregation relationship with one or more FChElement instances, each of which is related FChLink. A FChLink object connects 2 FChElement objects, a SourceElement to a TargetElement.

Each FChElement stands in a one-to-one aggregation relationship with an FChInstance object, which in turn stands in a one-to-one aggregation relationship with a FChAssignments object. Each FChAssignments object stands, in turn, in a one-to-many aggregation relationship with one or more FChAssignment objects.

Figure 5 provides an illustration of an object model for an embodiment of the present invention, specifically focusing on an object model of a flowchart interface, corresponding to the object model illustrated in Figure 3. The FChInterface object stands in a one-to-one aggregation relationship with FChInterfaceItems object, and in a one-to-many relationship with the FChInterfaceItem. Moreover, FChInterfaceItems object is in a one-to-many FChInterfaceItem object.

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Referring again to Figure 2, the internal representation 60, described above in connection with Figures 3, 4 and 5, is converted at reference numeral 62 to a suitable markup language format, for example XML. See the commented source code, below, for further detail.

Figure 6 provides an illustration of an embodiment of a system for deploying computer program product according to the present invention and for performing an embodiment of one or more methods according to the present invention. An industrial automation programming and control system 18, which can include or incorporate a PLC 20 (as shown by the dotted lines) is coupled to a display 28, to at least one data storage device 26 and to a controlled process 30. In addition, it is coupled to a network 40, over which it can communicate with other computers also connected directly or indirectly to the same network 40. For example, industrial automation programming and control system 18 can be in communication over network 40 with a remote computer 70 having a display 72 and data storage device(s) 74, or with a plurality of such computers, one of which is shown at reference numeral 80, also having a display 82 and data storage device(s) 84.

By using the conversion approach shown in Figure 2 and described in the accompanying text, not only can markup-formatted code be easily viewed at the site where it was created, but can easily be sent over a network 40 to another computer 70, where an operator may, using display 72, readily examine the code on the display, using a browser, for example. If the operator were an industrial automation controls engineer or developer of industrial automation control code, that operator could generate program

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code on computer 70 that could subsequently be converted to markup format and transmitted or re-transmitted (although not necessarily in that order) to an industrial automation programming and control system 18 or controller 20. The same could be done using computer 80, or via any number of computers in communication over network 40 with automation programming and control system 18.

Communications over network 40, preferably although not necessarily an internet, between various involved computers depicted in Figure 6 can be done in any suitable manner including, without limitation, via downloading of pages using hypertext transfer protocol, or even via sending electronic mail messages.

Given this configuration, in an embodiment of an aspect of the present invention, computer 70 could be considered an industrial automation control code server system coupled over a network to a client system 18. Computer 70 accesses a markup-formatted version of the control code, transmits the accessed, markup-formatted control code over the network in connection with a network address corresponding to system 18, thereby causing the transmitted, markup-formatted control code to be received by the client system. Moreover, system 18, in response to the received markup-formatted control code, may transmit to computer 70 over the network 40 data relating to the automation to which the markup-formatted control code is directed. Furthermore, computer 70 can generate or otherwise access control code modified in response to receipt of the data from system 18, wherein the modified control code is markup-formatted. In addition, the markup-

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formatted, modified control code can be transmitted over the network in connection with a network address corresponding to the system 18, thereby causing the transmitted, modified, markup-formatted control code to be received by the system 18.

Figure 6 depicts an embodiment of another aspect of the present invention involving a method for communicating the logical structure of industrial automation control program data to permit a plurality of application developers to create applications relating to the data. According to the method, a schema (or analogous data) (see source code for an example schema appended below) defining a content model for markup language files generated by an industrial automation control program system (e.g., XML) is posted for access over network 40 (e.g., internet). Application developers using, for example, computers 70, 80 and 90, can then access and understand the logical structure of the graphical programming language data and can write their own applications. Developers and systems that communicate with one another using the standardized format according to the present invention need not use identical internal representations 60 of the automation system control code, provided that their conversion program takes into account the particulars of the internal representations 60 they do use.

Figure 6 also describes a system in which a method for providing industrial automation control code services can be implemented. Assuming computer 70 can be considered a server running software permitting the creation of markup-formatted industrial automation control code (e.g.,

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reference numeral 62 of Figure 2), computer 70 can access such a markupformatted version of the control code and transmitting the accessed, markupformatted control code over the network 40 to a client system, for example,
computer 18 in connection with a network address corresponding to computer
18, thereby causing the transmitted, markup-formatted control code to be
received by the client system 18.

Client system 18, which (possibly along with PLC 20), controls process 30, may, in response to receiving the markup-formatted control code (e.g., reference numeral 62), may transmit to the server system 70 data relating to the automation to which the markup-formatted control code is directed. Server system 70 may modify code it is generating or has generated and, where it has access to automation system control code modified in response to receipt of system data from the client system 18, it may transmit the markup-formatted, modified control code over the network in connection with a network address corresponding to the client system 18, thereby causing the transmitted, modified, markup-formatted control code to be received by client system 18.

In another embodiment of the present invention, the foregoing method may involve a second client system 90 coupled to the network. Server 70 would transmit the accessed, markup-formatted control code (62, Figure 2) over network 40 in connection with a network address corresponding to the second client system 90, thereby causing the transmitted, markup-formatted control code to be received by the second client system 90.

In yet another embodiment of the present invention, which

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demonstrates the potential for increased interoperability of systems, the first client system 18 may be configured to reconvert the markup-formatted control code to a first internal representation, while the second client system 96 is configured to reconvert the markup-formatted control code to a second internal representation.

Finally, Figure 6 also is directed to a method for programming industrial automation control applications using a plurality of distributed applications developers. A computer system 18 is provided and coupled to a network 40 and configured to receive over the network 40 transmissions of data from a plurality of industrial automation program developer systems 70,...,80, the transmissions comprising data from program developer systems 70,...,80, in a markup language format.

In addition to the embodiments of the aspects of the present invention described above and in the XML schema and source code listings set forth below, those of skill in the art will be able to arrive at a variety of other arrangements and steps which, if not explicitly described in this document, nevertheless embody the principles of the invention and fall within the scope of the appended claims.



- <?xml version="1.0" ?>
- <ChartSource ExecutableTypeName="FUNCTION_BLOCK">
- <Interface>
- 5 <Section Name="VAR_INPUT">
 - <Item Name="Enabled" Mode="ReadOnly" Type="Bool" Init="TRUE"/>
 - <Item Name="Frozen" Mode="ReadOnly" Type="Bool" Init="FALSE"/>
 - </Section>
 - <Section Name="VAR OUTPUT">
- 10 < Item Name="Active" Mode="ReadOnly" Type="Bool" Init="FALSE"/>
 - </Section>
 - <Section Name="VAR">
 - <Item Name="Index" Mode="ReadOnly" Type="Int" Init="0"/>
 - <Item Name="Internal" Mode="ReadOnly" Type="Struct">
- 15 < Item Name="Trace" Mode="ReadOnly" Type="Array [1..32] of Bool"/>
 - <Item Name="CurrentStep" Mode="ReadOnly" Type="Int" Init="0"/>
 - </ltem>
 - <Item Name="xxx" Mode="ReadOnly" FChType="Called" Type="FB16"/>
 - </Section>
- 20 </Interface>
 - <Body>
 - <Elements>
 - <Element Number="0" Type="TBegin" Caption="Begin"/>
 - <Element Number="1" Type="TEnd" Caption="End"/>
- 25 <Element Number="2" Type="TSubChart" Caption="Test1">
 - <Instance Name=" Test1" InterfaceVersion="14" ChartType="Called">
 - <Assignment Name="BoolPara" Value=""/>
 - <Assignment Name="IntPara" Value=""/>
- 30 </Element>
 - </Elements>

```
<Links>
<Link Number="1" SourceElement="2" TargetElement="1" Index="0"
Caption=""/>
<Link Number="2" SourceElement="0" TargetElement="2" Index="0"
Caption=""/>
</Links>
</Body>
</ChartSource>
```

The XML string can be validated using an XML-Schema. A schema describes the elements and attribute allowed in an XML file.

Example: Schema file for a flowchart

```
<Schema xmlns="urn:schemas-microsoft-com:xml-data"
xmlns:dt="urn:schemas-microsoft-com:datatypes">
```

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<ElementType name="Comment" content="textOnly"/>

```
<a href="AttributeType name="Name" dt:type="string"/></a>
```


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<ElementType name="Attribute" content="empty">
 <attribute type="Name" required="yes"/>
 <attribute type="Value" required="yes"/>

</ElementType>

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- <ElementType name="Attributes" content="eltOnly">
 <element type="Attribute" maxOccurs="*"/>
 </ElementType>
- 30 <AttributeType name="Mode" dt:type="enumeration" dt:values="Mixed ReadOnly Edit"/> <AttributeType name="Type" dt:type="string"/>

```
<a href="AttributeType name="Init" dt:type="string"/></a>
      <ElementType name="Item" content="eltOnly">
       <attribute type="Name" required="yes"/>
       <attribute type="Mode" required="yes"/>
5
       <attribute type="Type" required="yes"/>
       <attribute type="Init"/>
       <element type="Comment" minOccurs="0"/>
       <element type="Attributes" minOccurs="0"/>
       <element type="Item" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="*"/>
10
      </ElementType>
      <ElementType name="Section" content="eltOnly">
       <a href="AttributeType name="Name" dt:type="enumeration"</a>
     dt:values="VAR_INPUT VAR_OUTPUT VAR_IN_OUT VAR VAR_TEMP"/>
15
       <attribute type="Name" required="yes"/>
       <element type="Item" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="*"/>
      </ElementType>
      <ElementType name="Interface" content="eltOnly">
20
       <element type="Section" maxOccurs="*"/>
      </ElementType>
      <ElementType name="Assignment" content="empty">
       <attribute type="Name" required="yes"/>
25
       <attribute type="Value" required="yes"/>
      </ElementType>
      <a href=""><AttributeType name="ChartType" dt:type="string"/></a>
30
      <ElementType name="Instance" content="eltOnly">
```

<attribute type="Name" required="yes"/>

```
<attribute type="ChartType" required="yes"/>
       <element type="Assignment" maxOccurs="*"/>
      </ElementType>
      <ElementType name="SourceCode" content="textOnly"/>
5
      <a href="AttributeType name="Number" dt:type="int"/></a>
      <a href="AttributeType name="Caption" dt:type="string" default=""/></a>
      <ElementType name="Element" content="eltOnly">
10
       <attribute type="Number" required="yes"/>
       <attribute type="Type" required="yes"/>
       <attribute type="Caption" required="no"/>
       <group minOccurs="0" order="one">
         <group order="seq">
15
          <element type="Comment"/>
          <element type="SourceCode"/>
         </group>
         <element type="Instance" maxOccurs="*"/>
       </group>
20
      </ElementType>
      <ElementType name="Elements" content="eltOnly">
        <element type="Element" maxOccurs="*"/>
      </ElementType>
25
      <a href="AttributeType name="SourceElement" dt:type="int"/></a>
      <a href="AttributeType name="TargetElement" dt:type="int"/></a>
       <a href="AttributeType name="Index" dt:type="int"/></a>
30
       <ElementType name="Link" content="empty">
        <attribute type="Number" required="yes"/>
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<attribute type="SourceElement" required="yes"/>
       <attribute type="TargetElement" required="yes"/>
       <attribute type="Index" required="yes"/>
       <attribute type="Caption"/>
      </ElementType>
5
      <ElementType name="Links" content="eltOnly">
       <element type="Link" maxOccurs="*"/>
      </ElementType>
10
      <ElementType name="Body" content="eltOnly" order="seq">
       <element type="Elements"/>
       <element type="Links"/>
      </ElementType>
15
      <a href=""><AttributeType name="ExecutableTypeName" dt:type="string"/></a>
      <ElementType name="ChartSource" content="eltOnly" order="seq">
       <attribute type="ExecutableTypeName" required="yes"/>
       <element type="Interface"/>
20
       <element type="Body"/>
      </ElementType>
     </Schema>
```

This embodiment of a schema describes the content model for XML files generated by converting a flow chart application. Such a schema can be posted, over a network, for example, so that other users can understand the logical structure of the flow chart data and thereupon write applications manipulating this data in a way they see fit. Like Document Type Definitions

(DTD's), which might be considered their predecessors, schemas provide a way of describing the structure of XML data. Schemas may be preferable to DTDs, in that, unlike DTDs, they use a syntax to that of XML. Also, they allow a more precise description than do DTDs, because they incorporate data typing and inheritance.

The following is, for an embodiment of the present invention, a description of the requirements a document must meet to be validated by flwschma.xml, starting with the root element <ChartSource>:

(Note: All attributes are of type 'string' unless otherwise stated.)

- > <ChartSource> The schema's root element, <ChartSource> requires an "ExecutableTypeName" attribute, one <Interface> element, and one <Body> element.
 - > <Interface> This element requires at least one <Section> element.
 - Section> This element requires a "Name" attribute. "Name" must have one of the following values: VAR_INPUT, VAR_OUTPUT, VAR_IN_OUT, VAR, VAR_TEMP. There may be any number of <Item> elements.
 - > <Item> This element requires "Name," "Mode," and "Type" attributes. "Mode" must have one of the following values: Mixed, ReadOnly, Edit. The following are optional: an "Init" attribute, one <Comment> element, one <Attributes> element, and any number of <Item> elements.
 - > < Comment> This element contains text only.
 - <Attributes> This element requires at least one <Attribute> element.
 - <Attribute> This element requires "Name" and "Value" attributes.

20

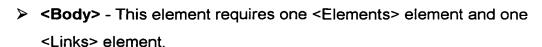
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- > <Elements> This element requires at least one <Element>
 - > <Element> This element requires "Number" and "Type" attributes. "Number" is of type 'int.' The following are optional: a "Caption" attribute, and either 1)the sequence of one <Comment> element followed by one <SourceCode> element or 2)any number of <Instance> elements.
 - > <Comment> This element contains text only.
 - SourceCode> This element contains text only.
 - <Instance> This element requires "Name" and "ChartType" attributes. Optional is any number of <Assignment> elements.
 - <Assignment> This element requires "Name" and "Value" attributes.
- <Links> This element requires at least one <Link> element.
 - > <Link> This element requires "Number," "SourceElement," "TargetElement," and "Index" attributes. "Number," "SourceElement," "TargetElement," and "Index" are of type 'int.' Optional is a "Caption" attribute.

Source Code

25 Class FChType

- '* Creates a FChType object from a XML string
- '* NewContents contains the XML string

On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Dim strContents As String

Dim regserv As FChRegServer.FChRegistry

Dim xmlns As String Dim FileName As String Dim fso As Scripting.FileSystemObject 5 strContents = NewContents If Mid\$(strContents, 1, 1) = ChrW\$(&HFEFF) Then strContents = Mid\$(strContents, 2) End If Set fso = New Scripting.FileSystemObject Set regserv = New FChRegServer.FChRegistry 10 strTemplateFolder = regserv.GetTemplateFolderPath Set regserv = Nothing FileName = strTemplateFolder & "fbschema.xml" If fso.FileExists(FileName) Then xmlns = "<ChartSource xmlns='x-schema:" & FileName & "" " 15 strContents = Replace\$(strContents, "<ChartSource", xmlns, 1, 1, vbTextCompare) End If XMLReadProperties strContents **Exit Property** 20 ErrorHandler: ErrorMessage Err.Number, "FChType.Contents", UNEXPECTED **End Property** 25 **Public Property Get Contents() As Variant**

Dim strTemplateFolder As String

On Error GoTo Error Handler

'* Gets the contents of a FChType object as XML string

'* Return value is the XML string representing this object.

30

Dim strContents As String
Dim b() As Byte
If Initialized Then

XMLWriteProperties strContents

5 b = ChrW\$(&HFEFF) & strContents

Contents = b

Else

Contents = ""

End If

10 Exit Property

ErrorHandler:

Contents = Empty

ErrorMessage Err. Number, "FChType. Contents", UNEXPECTED

End Property

15

Private Sub XMLReadProperties(ByVal xml As String)

- * Reads the object properties from a XML string
- 20 '* xml contains the XML string

On Error GoTo Error Handler

Dim objDOMDocument As MSXML.DOMDocument

Dim rootElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMElement

25 Dim childElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMElement

Dim childElements As MSXML.IXMLDOMNodeList

Dim strTagName As String

Dim strAddInfo As String

Dim ExecutableTypeName As String

30 Set objDOMDocument = New MSXML.DOMDocument

If objDOMDocument.loadXML(xml) Then

Set rootElement = objDOMDocument.documentElement

```
Set childElements = rootElement.childNodes
         For Each childElement In childElements
           strTagName = childElement.TagName
           Select Case strTagName
5
           Case "Interface"
             If Not mInterfaceLoaded Then
                mInterface.XMLReadProperties childElement
                mInterfaceLoaded = True
             End If
10
           Case "Body"
             If Not mBodyLoaded Then
                mBody.XMLReadProperties childElement
                mBodyLoaded = True
             End If
15
           Case Else
             ErrorMessage ERRMOD_XML_TAG,
    "FChType.XMLReadProperties", WARNING, strTagName
           End Select
         Next
20
       Else
         strAddInfo = objDOMDocument.parseError.Reason
         On Error GoTo 0
         ErrorMessage ERRMOD_XML_PARSER,
    "FChType.XMLReadProperties", ALARM, strAddInfo
25
       End If
       Exit Sub
    ErrorHandler:
       ErrorMessage Err. Number, "FChType.XMLReadProperties",
```

mExecutableType = XMLReadExecutableType(rootElement)

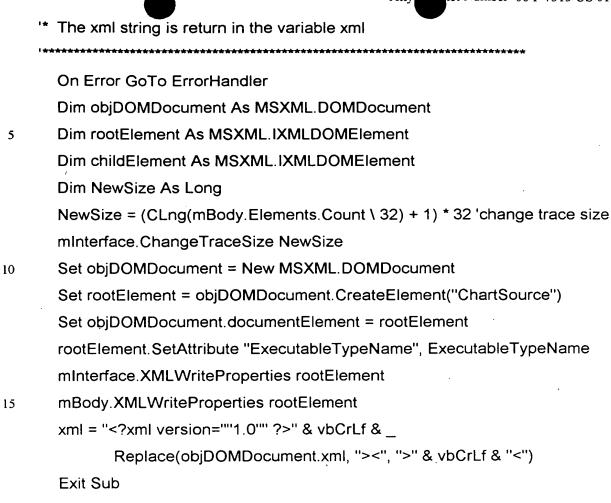
UNEXPECTED

End Sub

30

Private Function XMLReadExecutableType(xmlElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMElement) As FChExecutableType ********************* 5 '* Reads the ExecutableType property from a XML object xmlElement contains the XML element Return value is the ExecutableType On Error GoTo Error Handler 10 Dim strExecutabletype As String strExecutabletype = XMLGetAttribute(xmlElement, "ExecutableTypeName") If strExecutabletype = "FUNCTION_BLOCK" Then XMLReadExecutableType = FUNCTION_BLOCK 15 Else ErrorMessage ERRMOD_UNSUPPORTED_EXECUTABLETYPE, "FChType.XMLReadProperties", WARNING, _ strExecutabletype End If 20 **Exit Function** ErrorHandler: XMLReadExecutableType = FUNCTION_BLOCK ErrorMessage ERRMOD_XML_TAG, "FChType.XMLReadExecutableType", WARNING 25 **End Function** Private Sub XMLWriteProperties(xml As String)

'* Writes the properties to an xml String



ErrorHandler:

20 ErrorMessage Err.Number, "FChType.XMLWriteProperties",
UNEXPECTED
End Sub

25

* Reads the properties of the FChInterface object from a XML object

·

On Error GoTo Error Handler

Dim childElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMElement

5 Dim childElements As MSXML.IXMLDOMNodeList

Dim strSectionName As String

Dim IngResult As Long

Dim IfSections As S7_Component_Interface_Editor_Server.IIfxCollection

CalledByInternal = True

Set mlfServer = New S7 Component Interface Editor Server.Interface

If Not mChartType Is Nothing Then

IngResult = mlfServer.Create(S7_FB_IF)

Elself Not mChartTask Is Nothing Then

IngResult = mlfServer.Create(S7_OB_IF)

15 End If

Set mRootNode = mlfServer.RootNode

If mRootNode.HasChildren Then

Set IfSections = mRootNode.Children

Set childElements = xmlElement.childNodes

20 For Each childElement In childElements

If childElement.TagName = "Section" Then

strSectionName = XMLGetAttribute(childElement, "Name")

Select Case strSectionName

Case "VAR_INPUT"

25 XMLCreateSection childElement, IfSections.GetItem("IN")

Case "VAR OUTPUT"

XMLCreateSection childElement, IfSections.GetItem("OUT")

Case "VAR IN OUT"

XMLCreateSection childElement, IfSections.GetItem("IN_OUT")

30 Case "VAR"

XMLCreateSection childElement, IfSections.GetItem("STAT")

Case "VAR TEMP"



Atty. Docket Number 00 P 7515 US 01

XMLCreateSection childElement, IfSections.GetItem("TEMP")

Case Else

End Select

Else

5 ErrorMessage ERRMOD_XML_TAG,

"FChInterface.XMLReadProperties", WARNING, _

childElement.TagName

End If

Next

10 Debug.Print

Else

On Error GoTo 0

ErrorMessage ERRMOD_INTERFACE_CREATION_FAILED,

"FChInterface.XMLReadProperties", ALARM

15 End If

CalledByInternal = False

mModified = False

Exit Sub

ErrorHandler:

20 CalledByInternal = False

ErrorMessage Err.Number, "FChInterface.XMLReadProperties",

UNEXPECTED

End Sub

25

Private Sub XMLCreateSection(xmlElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMElement, _

.._____

IFItem As

30 S7_Component_Interface_Editor_Server.InterfaceItem)

!**********************

^{&#}x27;* Reads the properties of an Interface section from a XML object

On Error GoTo Error Handler Dim childElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMElement Dim childElements As MSXML.IXMLDOMNodeList 5 Dim childItem As S7_Component_Interface_Editor_Server.InterfaceItem Dim IngResult As Long Dim pvarCorrectnessBar As Variant Dim strAttrValue As String Dim xmlAttr As MSXML.IXMLDOMAttribute 10 Dim IChartType As FChType If IFItem Is Nothing Then GoTo ErrorHandler Set childElements = xmlElement.childNodes For Each childElement In childElements If childElement.TagName = "Item" Then 15 Set childItem = IFItem.NewChild(-1) childItem.ItemProtectionMode = MODE EDIT strAttrValue = XMLGetAttribute(childElement, "Name") If Len(strAttrValue) > 0 Then IngResult = childItem.SetAttributeString(ATTRIBUTE NAME, strAttrValue, 20 pvarCorrectnessBar) If IngResult <> 0 Then GoTo ErrorHandler End If strAttrValue = XMLGetAttribute(childElement, "FChType") ' special handling of Subcharts 25 If Len(strAttrValue) > 0 Then Set IChartType = mChartTypes.Item(strAttrValue) If Not IChartType Is Nothing Then strAttrValue = IChartType.ExecutableName

End If

End If

30

Set IChartType = Nothing

```
If Len(strAttrValue) = 0 Then
               strAttrValue = XMLGetAttribute(childElement, "Type")
            End If
            If Len(strAttrValue) > 0 Then
5
               IngResult = childItem.SetAttributeString(ATTRIBUTE_TYPE,
     strAttrValue, _
     pvarCorrectnessBar)
               If IngResult <> 0 Then GoTo ErrorHandler
            End If
            strAttrValue = XMLGetAttribute(childElement, "Init")
10
            If Len(strAttrValue) > 0 Then
               IngResult = childItem.SetAttributeString(ATTRIBUTE_INITIAL,
     strAttrValue,
     pvarCorrectnessBar)
               If IngResult <> 0 Then GoTo ErrorHandler
15
            End If
            XMLCreateSection childElement, childItem
     'must be called before "Mode" is set (if it is ReadOnly ...)
            strAttrValue = XMLGetAttribute(childElement, "Mode")
            If Len(strAttrValue) > 0 Then
20
               If IsNumeric(strAttrValue) Then
                 childItem.ItemProtectionMode = CLng(strAttrValue)
               Elself ItemProtectionModes.Exists(strAttrValue) Then
                 childItem.ItemProtectionMode =
     ItemProtectionModes(strAttrValue)
25
               End If
            End If
```

IngResult = IFItem.SetUDA(xmlAttr.Name, xmlAttr.Value)
If IngResult <> 0 Then GoTo ErrorHandler

Elself childElement.TagName = "Attributes" Then

For Each xmlAttr In childElement.Attributes

Next

```
Elself childElement.TagName = "Comment" Then
          strAttrValue = childElement.Text
          If Len(strAttrValue) > 0 Then
           lngResult = IFItem.SetAttributeString(ATTRIBUTE_COMMENT,
5
    strAttrValue,
    pvarCorrectnessBar)
           If IngResult <> 0 Then GoTo ErrorHandler
          End If
        Else
          ErrorMessage ERRMOD XML TAG.
10
    "FChInterface.XMLReadProperties", WARNING, _
    childElement.TagName
        End If
      Next
      Exit Sub
15
    ErrorHandler:
      ErrorMessage Err.Number, "FChInterface.XMLCreateSection",
    UNEXPECTED
    End Sub
20
    Friend Sub XMLWriteProperties(xmlElement As
    MSXML.IXMLDOMElement)
    25
    '* Writes the properties of the FChInterface object to a XML object
    On Error GoTo Error Handler
      Dim childElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMElement
      Dim SectionElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMElement
30
      Set childElement =
```

xmlElement.ownerDocument.CreateElement("Interface")

xmlElement.appendChild childElement

If Not mChartType Is Nothing Then ' these sections do not exist in OBs = Tasks

If mlfServer.InParameter.Count > 0 Then

Set SectionElement =

childElement.ownerDocument.CreateElement("Section")

childElement.appendChild SectionElement

SectionElement.SetAttribute "Name", "VAR INPUT"

XMLSectionAsText mlfServer.InParameter, SectionElement

10 End if

5

If mlfServer.OutParameter.Count > 0 Then

Set SectionElement =

childElement.ownerDocument.CreateElement("Section")

childElement.appendChild SectionElement

SectionElement.SetAttribute "Name", "VAR_OUTPUT"

XMLSectionAsText mlfServer.OutParameter, SectionElement

End If

If mlfServer.InOutParameter.Count > 0 Then

Set SectionElement =

20 childElement.ownerDocument.CreateElement("Section")

childElement.appendChild SectionElement

SectionElement.SetAttribute "Name", "VAR_IN_OUT"

XMLSectionAsText mlfServer.InOutParameter, SectionElement

End If

25 If mlfServer.StaticData.Count > 0 Then

Set SectionElement =

childElement.ownerDocument.CreateElement("Section")

childElement.appendChild SectionElement

SectionElement.SetAttribute "Name", "VAR"

30 XMLSectionAsText mlfServer.StaticData, SectionElement

End If

End If



Set SectionElement =

childElement.ownerDocument.CreateElement("Section")

childElement.appendChild SectionElement

5 SectionElement.SetAttribute "Name", "VAR_TEMP"

XMLSectionAsText mlfServer.DynamicData, SectionElement

End If

Exit Sub

ErrorHandler:

10 ErrorMessage Err.Number, "FChInterface.XMLWriteProperties",

UNEXPECTED

End Sub

15

Private Sub XMLSectionAsText(Section As

S7_Component_Interface_Editor_Server.llfxCollection, _

xmlElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMElement)

20 '* Writes the properties of an Interface section to a XML object

On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Dim ItemCount As Long

Dim Index As Long

Dim IFItem As S7_Component_Interface_Editor_Server.InterfaceItem

ItemCount = Section.Count - 1

For Index = 0 To ItemCount

Set IFItem = Section.GetItem(Index)

XMLItemAsText IFItem, xmlElement

30 Next

Exit Sub

ErrorHandler:

ErrorMessage Err.Number, "FChInterface.XMLSectionAsText", UNEXPECTED

End Sub

5 Private Sub XMLItemAsText(IFItem As S7_Component_Interface_Editor_Server.InterfaceItem, _ xmlElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMElement) 10 Writes the properties of an Interface item to a XML object On Error GoTo Error Handler Dim Status As Boolean Dim InitValue As Variant 15 Dim InitString As String Dim Pos As Long Dim udaList As S7_Component_Interface_Editor_Server.IIfxCollection Dim udaltem As S7_Component_Interface_Editor_Server.IUDA Dim i As Long 20 Dim udaCount As Long Dim strComment As String Dim childElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMElement Dim UDAElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMElement 25 Dim strType As String Dim strFChType As String Dim TypeID As S7TypeConstants Dim TypeInfo As Variant Dim SubTypeID As S7TypeConstants Dim SubTypeInfo As Variant 30 Dim Result As Long

Set childElement = xmlElement.ownerDocument.CreateElement("Item")

10

15

20

25

```
xmlElement.appendChild childElement
  childElement.SetAttribute "Name", IFItem.Name
  If ItemProtectionModes.Exists(IFItem.ItemProtectionMode) Then
    childElement.SetAttribute "Mode",
ItemProtectionModes(IFItem.ItemProtectionMode)
  Else
    childElement.SetAttribute "Mode", IFItem.ItemProtectionMode
  End If
  Set udaList = IFItem.udaList
  udaCount = udaList.Count
  If udaCount > 0 Then
    Set UDAElement =
xmlElement.ownerDocument.CreateElement("Attributes")
    childElement.appendChild UDAElement
    For i = 0 To udaCount - 1
       Set udaltem = udaList.GetItem(i)
       UDAElement.SetAttribute udaltem.Key, udaltem.Value
    Next
  End If
  strType = IFItem.GetAttributeString(ATTRIBUTE TYPE, Status)
  If Mid$(strType, 1, 3) = "FB " Then strType = Replace(strType, " ", "")
  Result = IFItem.GetTypeInfo(TypeID, TypeInfo, SubTypeID, SubTypeInfo)
  If TypeID = TYPE S7 TYPE FB Then
    strFChType = SearchForSubChart(strType)
    If Len(strFChType) > 0 Then
```

End If

End If .

childElement.SetAttribute "Type", strType

30 If InterfaceItemHasChildren(strType) Then

XMLSectionAsText IFItem.Children, childElement

childElement.SetAttribute "FChType", strFChType

Else

InitString = GetInitString(IFItem)
If Len(InitString) > 0 Then
 childElement.SetAttribute "Init", InitString

End If

5 End If

XMLWriteTextNode childElement, "Comment", IFItem.Comment

Exit Sub

ErrorHandler:

ErrorMessage Err.Number, "FChInterface.XMLItemAsText",

10 UNEXPECTED

End Sub

Class FChBody

15

Friend Sub XMLReadProperties(xmlElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMElement)

20 '* Reads the properties of a FChBody object from a XML object

On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Dim childElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMElement

Dim childElements As MSXML.IXMLDOMNodeList

Set mElements = New FChElements

Dim objFChElement As FChElement

Set mElements.Body = Me

Set mLinks = New FChLinks

Set mLinks.Body = Me

30 Set childElements = xmlElement.childNodes

For Each childElement In childElements

Select Case childElement.TagName



Case "Elements"

mElements.XMLReadProperties childElement

Case "Links"

mLinks.XMLReadProperties childElement

5 Case Else

ErrorMessage ERRMOD_XML_TAG,

"FChBody.XMLReadProperties", WARNING, childElement.TagName

End Select

Next

Exit Sub 10

ErrorHandler:

ErrorMessage Err.Number, "FChBody.XMLReadProperties",

UNEXPECTED

End Sub

15

Friend Sub XMLWriteProperties(xmlElement As

MSXML.IXMLDOMElement)

20

'* Writes the properties of FChBody object to a XML object

On Error GoTo Error Handler

Dim childElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMElement

25 Set childElement = xmlElement.ownerDocument.CreateElement("Body")

xmlElement.appendChild childElement

mElements.XMLWriteProperties childElement

mLinks.XMLWriteProperties childElement

Exit Sub

ErrorHandler: 30

ErrorMessage Err.Number, "FChBody.XMLWriteProperties",

UNEXPECTED

End Sub

5	Class FChElements
	Friend Sub XMLReadProperties(xmlElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMElement)
10	'* Reads the properties of a FChElements object from a XML object
	On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
	Dim objFChElement As FChElement
	Dim childElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMElement
15	Dim childElements As MSXML.IXMLDOMNodeList
	Set childElements = xmlElement.childNodes
	mIndex = 0
	For Each childElement In childElements
	If childElement.TagName = "Element" Then
20	Set objFChElement = New FChElement
	Set objFChElement.Body = mBody
	objFChElement.XMLReadProperties childElement
	If mIndex <= objFChElement.Number Then mIndex =
	objFChElement.Number + 1
25	mBody.RaiseCreatedEvent objFChElement
	mCol.Add objFChElement, Format\$(objFChElement.Number)
	Else
	ErrorMessage ERRMOD_XML_TAG,
	"FChElements.XMLReadProperties", WARNING, _
30	childElement.TagName
	End If
	Next



ErrorHandler:

 ${\bf Error Message\ Err. Number,\ "FChElements. XMLRead Properties",}$

UNEXPECTED

End Sub

10	Friend Sub XMLWriteProperties(xmlElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMElement)
	'* Writes the properties of FChElements object to a XML object
15	On Error GoTo ErrorHandler Dim objFChElement As FChElement Dim childElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMElement Set childElement =
20	xmlElement.ownerDocument.CreateElement("Elements") xmlElement.appendChild childElement For Each objFChElement In mCol objFChElement.XMLWriteProperties childElement Next
25	Exit Sub ErrorHandler: ErrorMessage Err.Number, "FChElements.XMLWriteProperties", UNEXPECTED End Sub
30	'*************************************

Friend Sub XMLReadProperties(xmlElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMElement)

'* Reads the properties of a FChLinks object from a XML object

On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Dim objFChlink As FChLink

Dim childElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMElement

Dim childElements As MSXML.IXMLDOMNodeList

Set childElements = xmlElement.childNodes

For Each childElement In childElements

If childElement.TagName = "Link" Then

Set objFChlink = New FChLink

Set objFChlink.Body = mBody

objFChlink.XMLReadProperties childElement

If mIndex <= objFChlink.Number Then mIndex = objFChlink.Number +

1

15

20

mBody.RaiseCreatedEvent objFChlink

mCol.Add objFChlink, Format\$(objFChlink.Number)

objFChlink.UpdateLinksAdd

Else

ErrorMessage ERRMOD_XML_TAG,

"FChLinks.XMLReadProperties", WARNING, childElement.TagName

End If

25 Next

Exit Sub

ErrorHandler:

ErrorMessage Err.Number, "FChLinks.XMLReadProperties",

UNEXPECTED

30 End Sub

5	Friend Sub XMLWriteProperties(xmlElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMElement)
	'*************************************
	·*************************************
	On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
10	Dim objFChlink As FChLink
	Dim childElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMElement
	Set childElement = xmlElement.ownerDocument.CreateElement("Links"
	xmlElement.appendChild childElement
	For Each objFChlink In mCol
15	objFChlink.XMLWriteProperties childElement
	Next
	Exit Sub
	ErrorHandler:
	ErrorMessage Err.Number, "FChLinks.XMLWriteProperties",
20	UNEXPECTED
	End Sub
	·
25	Class FChElement
	Friend Sub XMLReadProperties(xmlElement As
	MSXML.IXMLDOMElement)
30	'* Reads the properties of a FChElement object from a XML object
	On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

```
Dim tmpElementType As String
       Dim IngIndex As Long
       Dim childElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMElement
       Dim childElements As MSXML.IXMLDOMNodeList
       Dim strOutLinks As String
5
       Dim strCommentPosition As String
       Dim arrayCommentPosition() As String
       tmpElementType = XMLGetAttribute(xmlElement, "Type")
       If Not ElementTypeDic.Exists(tmpElementType) Then
         On Error GoTo 0
10
         ErrorMessage ERRMOD_UNKOWN_ELEMENT_TYPE,
    "FChElement.XMLReadProperties", ALARM,
    tmpElementType
       Else
         ElementType = ElementTypeDic(tmpElementType)
15
         mNumber = XMLGetAttribute(xmlElement, "Number")
         mCaption = XMLGetAttribute(xmlElement, "Caption")
         mDefaultCaption = (mCaption = "%D%")
         If mElementType = TGoto Then
           mGotoTargetNumber = XMLGetAttribute(xmlElement,
20
    "GotoTargetNumber")
         End If
         If mElementType = TComment Then
           strCommentPosition = XMLGetAttribute(xmlElement,
    "CommentPosition")
25
           If Len(strCommentPosition) > 0 Then
              arrayCommentPosition = Split(strCommentPosition, ",")
              If Not IsEmpty(arrayCommentPosition) Then
                If UBound(arrayCommentPosition) = 3 Then
                  For IngIndex = 0 To 3
30
                    mCommentPosition(IngIndex) =
    CLng(arrayCommentPosition(IngIndex))
```



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Atty. Docket Number 00 P 7515 US 01
```

Next

End If

End If

End If

End If 5

Set childElements = xmlElement.childNodes

For Each childElement In childElements

Select Case childElement.TagName

Case "SourceCode"

If (mElementType = TAction) Or (mElementType = TDecision) Then 10

mSourceCode = childElement.Text

Else

ErrorMessage ERRMOD_XML_TAG,

"FChElement.XMLReadProperties", WARNING,

childElement.TagName 15

End If

Case "Comment"

mComment = childElement.Text

Case "Instance"

If mElementType = TSubChart Then 20

Set mInstance = New FChInstance

Set mInstance.Body = mBody

Set mInstance. Element = Me

mInstance.XMLReadProperties childElement

Else 25

ErrorMessage ERRMOD_XML_TAG,

"FChElement.XMLReadProperties", WARNING,

childElement.TagName

End If

Case Else 30

ErrorMessage ERRMOD_XML_TAG,

"FChElement.XMLReadProperties", WARNING, _



End Select

childElement.TagName

Next

End If

5 Exit Sub

ErrorHandler:

ErrorMessage Err.Number, "FChElement.XMLReadProperties",

UNEXPECTED

End Sub

10

15

!************************

Friend Sub XMLWriteProperties(xmlElement As

MSXML.IXMLDOMElement)

'* Writes the properties of FChElement object to a XML object

On Error GoTo Error Handler

Dim childElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMElement

Set childElement = xmlElement.ownerDocument.CreateElement("Element")

xmlElement.appendChild childElement

childElement.SetAttribute "Number", mNumber

childElement.SetAttribute "Type", ElementTypeNames(mElementType)

childElement.SetAttribute "Caption", mCaption

25 If mElementType = TGoto Then

childElement.SetAttribute "GotoTargetNumber", mGotoTargetNumber

End If

XMLWriteTextNode childElement, "Comment", mComment

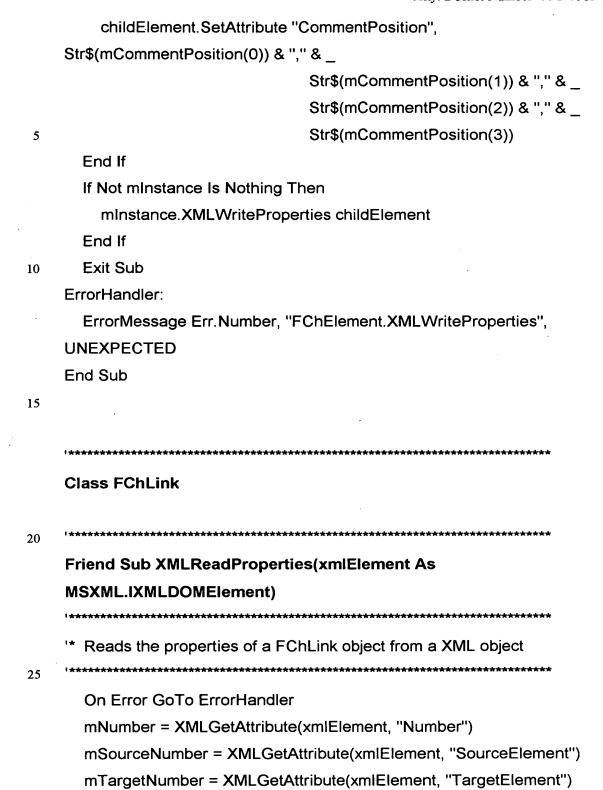
If (mElementType = TAction) Or (mElementType = TDecision) Then

XMLWriteTextNode childElement, "SourceCode", mSourceCode

End If

30

If mElementType = TComment Then



mIndex = XMLGetAttribute(xmlElement, "Index")

mDefaultCaption = (mCaption = "%D%")

mCaption = XMLGetAttribute(xmlElement, "Caption")



ErrorHandler:

5

10

20

ErrorMessage Err.Number, "FChLink.XMLReadProperties", UNEXPECTED End Sub

Friend Sub XMLWriteProperties(xmlElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMElement)

'* Writes the properties of FChLink object to a XML object

On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Dim childElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMElement

Dim objFChlink As FChLink

Set childElement = xmlElement.ownerDocument.CreateElement("Link")

xmlElement.appendChild childElement

childElement.SetAttribute "Number", mNumber

childElement.SetAttribute "SourceElement", mSourceNumber

childElement.SetAttribute "TargetElement", mTargetNumber childElement.SetAttribute "Index", mIndex childElement.SetAttribute "Caption", mCaption Exit Sub

ErrorHandler:

25 ErrorMessage Err.Number, "FChLink.XMLWriteProperties", UNEXPECTED End Sub

|***********************

30 Class FChInstance

Friend Sub XMLReadProperties(xmlElement As



'* Reads the properties of a FChInstance object from a XML object

On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Dim childElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMElement

Dim childElements As MSXML.IXMLDOMNodeList

Dim mAssignment As FChAssignment

Dim mSubChartType As FChType

10 Dim strlfVersion As String

mChartType = XMLGetAttribute(xmlElement, "ChartType")

mName = XMLGetAttribute(xmlElement, "Name")

strlfVersion = XMLGetAttribute(xmlElement, "InterfaceVersion")

If IsNumeric(strIfVersion) And Len(strIfVersion) > 0 Then

15 mInterfaceVersion = Format\$(strlfVersion)

Else

mInterfaceVersion = 0

End If

Set mSubChartType = ChartType

20 Set childElements = xmlElement.childNodes

For Each childElement In childElements

Select Case childElement.TagName

Case "Assignment"

Set mAssignment = New FChAssignment

mAssignment.XMLReadProperties childElement

If Not mSubChartType Is Nothing Then

Set mAssignment.lfxServer = mSubChartType.Interface.lfServer

End If

If AssignmentExists(mAssignment.Name) Then

30 Set mAssignment = Nothing

ErrorMessage ERRMOD DUPLICATE ASSIGNMENT,

"FChInstance.XMLReadProperties", _

WARNING, mAssignment.Name Else mCol.Add mAssignment, mAssignment.Name End If 5 Set mAssignment = Nothing Case Else ErrorMessage ERRMOD_XML_TAG, "FChInstance.XMLReadProperties", WARNING, _ childElement.TagName **End Select** 10 Next Set mSubChartType = Nothing Exit Sub ErrorHandler: ErrorMessage Err. Number, "FChInstance.XMLReadProperties", 15 **UNEXPECTED End Sub** 20 Friend Sub XMLWriteProperties(xmlElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMElement) '* Writes the properties of FChInstance object to a XML object 25 On Error GoTo ErrorHandler Dim childElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMElement Dim mAssignment As FChAssignment Set childElement = xmlElement.ownerDocument.CreateElement("Instance") 30 xmlElement.appendChild childElement

childElement.SetAttribute "Name", mName

childElement.SetAttribute "InterfaceVersion", mInterfaceVersion childElement.SetAttribute "ChartType", mChartType
For Each mAssignment In mCol

mAssignment.XMLWriteProperties childElement

5 Next

Exit Sub

ErrorHandler:

ErrorMessage Err.Number, "FChInstance.XMLWriteProperties", UNEXPECTED

10 End Sub

25 ErrorHandler:

Exit Sub

ErrorMessage Err.Number, "FChAssignment.XMLReadProperties", UNEXPECTED

End Sub

Friend Sub XMLWriteProperties(xmlElement As

mName = XMLGetAttribute(xmlElement, "Name")
mValue = XMLGetAttribute(xmlElement, "Value")

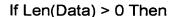


MSXML.IXMLDOMElement)

	'* Writes the properties of FChAssignment object to a XML object
5	On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
	Dim childElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMElement
	Dim mAssignment As FChAssignment
	Set childElement =
	xmlElement.ownerDocument.CreateElement("Assignment")
10	xmlElement.appendChild childElement
	childElement.SetAttribute "Name", mName
	childElement.SetAttribute "Value", mValue
	Exit Sub
	ErrorHandler:
15	ErrorMessage Err.Number, "FChAssignment.XMLWriteProperties",
	UNEXPECTED
	End Sub
20	
	!*************************************
	Global Subroutines and Functions
	Public Sub XMLWriteTextNode(xmlElement As
25	MSXML.IXMLDOMElement, Name As String, Data As String)

	'* Writes a property as text node to a XML object
	'* Property name is Name, property Data is in Data

30	On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
	Dim childElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMElement
	Dim ToytElement As MSYML IYML DOMToyt



Set childElement = xmlElement.ownerDocument.CreateElement(Name) xmlElement.appendChild childElement

Set TextElement = xmlElement.ownerDocument.createTextNode(Data)

5 childElement.appendChild TextElement

End If

Exit Sub

ErrorHandler:

ErrorMessage Err.Number, "global.XMLWriteTextNode", UNEXPECTED

10 End Sub

Public Function XMLCreateRootElement(ByVal TagName As String) As

15 MSXML.IXMLDOMElement

'* Creates an XML root element with the specified TagName

On Error GoTo Error Handler

20 Dim objDOMDocument As MSXML.DOMDocument

Dim rootElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMElement

Set objDOMDocument = New MSXML.DOMDocument

Set rootElement = objDOMDocument.CreateElement(TagName)

Set objDOMDocument.documentElement = rootElement

25 Set XMLCreateRootElement = rootElement

Exit Function

ErrorHandler:

ErrorMessage Err.Number, "global.XMLCreateRootElement",

UNEXPECTED

30 End Function

Public Function XMLCreateDocument(ByVal Contents As Variant) As MSXML.DOMDocument

'* Creates an XML document with the specified xml Contents

On Error GoTo Error Handler

Dim xml As String

Dim objDOMDocument As MSXML.DOMDocument

10 Dim rootElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMElement

Set objDOMDocument = New MSXML.DOMDocument

xml = Contents

If objDOMDocument.loadXML(xml) Then

Set XMLCreateDocument = objDOMDocument

15 Else

Set XMLCreateDocument = Nothing

On Error GoTo 0

ErrorMessage ERRMOD_XML_PARSER,

"global.XMLCreateDocument", ALARM

20 End If

Exit Function

ErrorHandler:

ErrorMessage Err.Number, "global.XMLCreateDocument", UNEXPECTED End Function

25

!*******

Public Function XMLGetAttribute(xmlElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMElement, Name As String) As String

30

'* Gets an Attribute from an XML element (needed because of error handling)

On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

XMLGetAttribute = xmlElement.GetAttribute(Name)

Exit Function

ErrorHandler:

5 XMLGetAttribute = ""

End Function

10 Public Sub ErrorMessage(ByVal Number As Long, _

ByVal Source As String, _

ByVal Severity As ErrorSeverity,

Optional ByVal AddInfo As String = "")

15 '* Logs an Error message and raises an Error

Dim strTmp As String

Dim IngErrorNumber As Long

Dim IngHelpContextID As Long

20 Select Case Severity

Case WARNING 'Logging only, no error raised

strTmp = objResourceAccess.GetResString(Number, "Error")

If Len(AddInfo) > 0 Then strTmp = strTmp & ": " & AddInfo

IngErrorNumber = vbObjectError + ERRMOD_BASE_NUMBER +

25 Number

ingHelpContextID = HELP_ON_ERRMOD_BASE_NUMBER +

Number

PrintForDebug TraceFileName, strTmp & ": " & Source

Case ALARM 'Error is logged and Error is raised

30 strTmp = objResourceAccess.GetResString(Number, "Error")

If Len(AddInfo) > 0 Then strTmp = strTmp & ": " & AddInfo

IngErrorNumber = vbObjectError + ERRMOD BASE_NUMBER +

Number

5

10

15

20

25

lngHelpContextID = HELP_ON_ERRMOD_BASE_NUMBER +
Number

PrintForDebug TraceFileName, strTmp & ":" & Source
Err.Raise IngErrorNumber, Source, strTmp, App.HelpFile,
IngHelpContextID

Case INTERNAL ' General "internal error" is raised, but detailed logged strTmp = objResourceAccess.GetResString(Number, "Error")

If Len(AddInfo) > 0 Then strTmp = strTmp & ": " & AddInfo
IngErrorNumber = vbObjectError + ERRMOD_BASE_NUMBER +

Number

ingHelpContextID = HELP_ON_ERRMOD_BASE_NUMBER + Number

PrintForDebug TraceFileName, strTmp & ":" & Source strTmp = objResourceAccess.GetResString(ERRMOD_INTERNAL, "Error")

IngErrorNumber = vbObjectError + ERRMOD_BASE_NUMBER + ERRMOD_INTERNAL

IngHelpContextID = HELP_ON_ERRMOD_BASE_NUMBER + ERRMOD INTERNAL

Err.Raise IngErrorNumber, Source, strTmp, App.HelpFile, IngHelpContextID

Case UNEXPECTED 'Unknown error caused by VB or a subcomponent.

Treated like warning

PrintForDebug TraceFileName, Err.Description & ":" & Source Err.Raise Err.Number, Source, Err.Description, Err.HelpFile, Err.HelpContext

Case CREATEFILE

PrintForDebug TraceFileName, "START", True

30 Case STEP7ERROR

IngErrorNumber = vbObjectError + ERRMOD_BASE_NUMBER + Number

IngHelpContextID = HELP_ON_ERRMOD_BASE_NUMBER +

Number

PrintForDebug TraceFileName, "STEP7 Error: " &

Format\$(IngErrorNumber) & ":" & Source

End Select

End Sub

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